

Total Knee Arthroplasty Rehabilitation Guideline

This rehabilitation program is designed to return the individual to their activities as quickly and safely as possible. It is designed for rehabilitation following a Total Knee Arthroplasty. Modifications to this guideline may be necessary dependent on physician specific instruction or other procedures performed. This evidence-based Total Knee Arthroplasty is criterion-based; time frames and visits in each phase will vary depending on many factors- including patient demographics, goals, and individual progress. This guideline is designed to progress the individual through rehabilitation to functional activity participation. The therapist may modify the program appropriately depending on the individual's goals for activity following Total Knee Arthroplasty.

This guideline is intended to provide the treating clinician a frame of reference for rehabilitation. It is not intended to substitute clinical judgment regarding the patient's post-operative care based on exam/treatment findings, individual progress, and/or the presence of concomitant procedures or post-operative complications. If the clinician should have questions regarding post-operative progression, they should contact the referring physician.

General Guidelines/ Precautions:

- Observe for signs of DVT or Infection (increased swelling, severe knee or calf pain, erythema, fever)
- Avoid torqueing or twisting motions of the knee
- Revisions TKA should be progressed with more caution to ensure adequate healing
- It is recommended to have assistance/supervision for 72 hours post hospital stay
- Specific level of assistance will be determined on an individual basis
- Weight bearing per surgeon restriction
- Cautions with kneeling and running... Check with physician
- Additional equipment may be utilized as identified by the healthcare team (CPM, etc.)
- Lifetime restrictions of high impact activities.

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Phase Suggested Interventions **Goals/ Milestones for Progression** Goals of Phase: Phase I Discuss: 1. Understanding of pre-op exercises, instructions, and overall Anatomy, existing pathology, post-op rehab schedule, bracing, and expected progressions plan of care Patient Education Phase Pre-op Phase Instruct on Pre-op exercises: Prospective joint replacement candidates may participate in pre-op Criteria to Advance to Next Phase: education individually or class setting which includes instruction in: 1. Surgery -Home safety -Equipment recommendations -Pre-surgical LE exercises Overview of hospital stay per region may include but not limited to: -Nursing care -Therapy services -Pharmacy -Discharge planning Phase II Immediate Post-operative instructions: Goals of Phase: Patient and family/coach education and training in an individual or group Measurable goals: 1. 5-90 degrees knee AAROM setting for: Inpatient/Acute Care -Safety with mobilization and transfers 2. Antigravity quad strength with SAQ/TKE Phase -Icing and elevation -HFP Functional goals: -Home modification 1. SBA transfers -Use of compression as indicated by physician 2. SBA bed mobility with or without leg lifter 3. SBA Ambulation household distances with Appropriate AD Exercise Examples: 4. CGA stair negotiation with appropriate AD Supine: Ankle pumps, quad sets, hamstring sets, heel slides, short arc 5. Min A for car transfer with or without leg lifter quad, straight leg raises, and hip Abduction 6. SBA for bathing Seated: Long arc quad and knee flexion 7. SBA for dressing with or without adaptive equipment Stretches: Knee extension stretch (either supine or seated) and knee 8. SBA for shower transfer with appropriate modification flexion stretch seated (closed chain with body overpressure by scooting 9. SBA for toilet transfer with appropriate modification toward edge of chair) Criteria to Advance to Next Phase: HEP: 1. Discharge from acute care setting 2 times per day in hospital and at home

Total Knee Arthroplasty Rehabilitation Guideline (expected D/C at 6-9 weeks)

Phase III Protected Motion & Muscle Activation Phase Weeks 0-3 Expected visits: 4-6	Specific Instructions: -Complete Knee Outcome Measure (WOMAC or KOOS JR.) Suggested Treatments: ROM: Passive and AAROM as tolerated Manual Therapy: Patellar and tibiofemoral mobilizations Stretching: Knee extension & flexion (supine & sitting) Modalities as indicated: Edema controlling treatments NMES or Biofeedback for quad control Exercise Examples: -Continue quad sets and SAQ -Progressive knee flexion (heel slides with toe tapping) -Nustep and/or stationary bike -Standing SLR in 4 directions -Supine/seated static knee extension and/or Prone leg hangs -Balance/proprioceptive retraining -Hip strategy exercises (i.e. clam, side lying hip abduction, bilateral/unilateral bridge) -Closed kinetic chain activities (standing theraband, terminal knee extension, static single limb stance) Gait training: -Continue gait/stairs training, reinforce normal gait mechanics -Progress to cane in controlled environments when patient has adequate quad control Other Activities: -Scar mobilization if incision is healed -Elevation and ankle pumps for swelling	Goals of Phase: 1. Provide environment for proper healing of incision site 2. Demonstrate good quad control with < 5 degree lag
Phase IV Motion & Strengthening Phase Weeks 3-6 Expected visits: 3-6 Total visits: 7-12	Specific Instructions:-Continue with previous exercise program-May complete 6-min Walk Test or Stair Climbing Test if appropriate-Driving – Any questions should be directed to physicianSuggested Treatments:ROM: Progressive ROM program (0-110)Manual Therapy: Continue with patellar and tibiofemoral mobilizationsStretching: Continue knee extension & flexion (supine & sitting)Modalities Indicated: Edema controlling treatments if appropriate	 Goals of Phase: Reduction of post-operative swelling and inflammation (no to trace effusion) AROM (0-110 degrees) – supine position, slightly increase Normal gait mechanics with or without assistive device Criteria to Advance to Next Phase: Minimal to no gait deviations
	Exercise Examples: -Continue above exercises as appropriate -Sit to stand exercise/mini squats with theraband -Side stepping with theraband	1. Minimal to no gait deviations

Phase V Advanced Movement and Strengthening Phase Weeks 6-9 Expected visits: 1-2 Total visits: 8-14	 -Knee Stability/Proprioception exercises -Incorporate single limb exercises (emphasize eccentrics) -Forward/lateral step-ups, step downs (with proper mechanics, ie. avoiding contralateral pelvic tilt / dynamic valgus) -Leg extension – try to eliminate extension lag -Leg press Gait training: -Reinforce normal gait mechanics – equal step length, equal stance time, Heel to toe gait pattern, etc. -Ambulate without an assistive device in controlled environment and progress as appropriate Other Activities: -Initiate hydrotherapy program if incision is healed and appropriate -Soft tissue mobilization techniques for pain management & ROM Specific Instructions: -Complete outcome measure (WOMAC or KOOS) -May complete 5-min walk test (60 m change significant) -May complete Stair Climbing Test (5.5 s change is significant) Suggested Treatments:	Goals of Phase: 1. AROM 0-120 degrees 2. Reciprocal ascend/descend stairs independently Criteria to Advance to Next Phase:
	repetitions -Agility exercises as appropriate (sidestepping, retro walking, braiding) Other Activities: -Continue Aquatic program - including pool exercises and walking	
Phase VI Return to Activity phase	Exercise Examples: -Continue progression of above exercises as appropriate	Suggested Criteria for Discharge:1. Independent non-antalgic gait2. Return to pain-free activities
Weeks 9+ Expected visits: 0-1 Total visits: 9-15	Other Activities: -Initiate return to specific recreational activities (i.e. golf, progressive walking or biking program)	 Normal lower extremity strength AROM 0-120

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